

# YUGANG

## YUGANG INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Stock code: 00613



INTERIM REPORT **2018**

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## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Yuen Wing Shing (*Managing Director*)  
Mr. Zhang Qing Xin  
Mr. Lam Hiu Lo  
Mr. Liang Kang

#### Non-Executive Director

Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Luk Yu King, James  
Mr. Leung Yu Ming, Steven  
Mr. Ng Kwok Fu

### COMMITTEES

#### Executive Committee

Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Yuen Wing Shing  
Mr. Zhang Qing Xin  
Mr. Lam Hiu Lo  
Mr. Liang Kang

#### Audit Committee

Mr. Luk Yu King, James (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo  
Mr. Leung Yu Ming, Steven  
Mr. Ng Kwok Fu

#### Nomination Committee

Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Leung Yu Ming, Steven  
Mr. Ng Kwok Fu

#### Remuneration Committee

Mr. Leung Yu Ming, Steven (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu  
Mr. Ng Kwok Fu

### AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu  
Mr. Yuen Wing Shing

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Albert T. da Rosa, Jr.

### EXTERNAL AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited  
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

### LEGAL ADVISERS

#### Bermuda:

Conyers Dill & Pearman

#### Hong Kong:

Woo Kwan Lee & Lo  
Cheung Tong & Rosa Solicitors

### REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House  
Church Street  
Hamilton HM11  
Bermuda

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

(Effective 27 August 2018)

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China Resources Building  
26 Harbour Road  
Wanchai  
Hong Kong  
Tel: (852) 2820 7000  
Fax: (852) 2827 5549  
Email: [investors@yugang.com.hk](mailto:investors@yugang.com.hk)

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited  
The Belvedere Building  
69 Pitts Bay Road  
Pembroke HM08  
Bermuda

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited  
Level 22 Hopewell Centre  
183 Queen's Road East  
Hong Kong

### WEBSITE

[www.yugang.com.hk](http://www.yugang.com.hk)

### STOCK CODE

00613

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The board (the “**Board**”) of directors (the “**Director(s)**”) of Yugang International Limited (the “**Company**”) is pleased to present the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**Group**”) for the six months ended 30 June 2018 .

## RESULTS

The Group reported an unaudited consolidated profit of approximately HK\$61.0 million attributable to equity holders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”) for the six months ended 30 June 2018, representing an increase of HK\$25.0 million from the corresponding period last year. During the period under review, the revenue of the Group increased by HK\$20.4 million or 104% to HK\$40.1 million as compared to the corresponding period last year. Both the rental income from Property Leasing Business and interest income from Money Lending Business increased significantly by an amount of HK\$3.1 million and HK\$9.6 million respectively. In addition, the overall dividend income from listed equity investments under Treasury Management Business also increased by an amount of HK\$7.7 million from the last corresponding period.

## INTERIM DIVIDEND

On 24 August 2018, the Board has resolved to declare and pay an interim dividend by way of a distribution in specie (the “**Distribution in Specie**”) of 51,179,018 shares of The Cross-Harbour (Holdings) Limited (“**CHH**”, stock code 00032) held by the Group to the qualifying Shareholders in proportion to their then respective shareholdings in the Company on the basis of 11 CHH shares for every 2,000 shares of the Company held by Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on the Record Date (as hereinafter defined). It is expected that share certificates for the relevant CHH shares will be despatched to qualifying Shareholders on or before Wednesday, 26 September 2018. For further details of the Distribution in Specie, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 24 August 2018.

Apart from the aforesaid, the Board has resolved not to declare any interim dividend to the Shareholders for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).

## BUSINESS REVIEW

During the period under review, U.S. economy maintained a moderate growth trend with major economic indicators such as unemployment rate, non-farm payrolls, industrial production, retail sales, and purchasing manager indices, etc. pointed to moderate expansion. The implementation of U.S. tax reform last year had strengthened the economy with an increasing consumer confidence which supported the Federal Reserve of U.S. to implement a proactive interest rate hike for 2018. However, the U.S. government has announced a series of protectionist measures against China, Eurozone, Canada and Mexico since March 2018 by proposing trade tariffs. In response, retaliatory tariffs against import from the U.S. were recommended by the corresponding trading partners. As a result, the escalation of global trade tensions have dampened investor confidence and triggered a threat of considerable downside risk of global economy.

The economy of Mainland China also maintained a stable growth with GDP at 6.7% during the first half of 2018. The economic structure of China continued to improve with increasing contribution from services and consumption sectors. However, owing to recent threats of U.S. protectionist measures and drastic depreciation of Renminbi, the market was increasingly concerned of the rising economic risks of China, in particular China was undergoing a relatively tighter monetary policy and a continuing deleveraging.

Hong Kong economy continued to grow solidly in the first half of 2018. It was attributable to strong performance across major economic sectors such as a strong rebound of tourism and retail sector and robust property market performance. Low unemployment, low interest rate environment and positive wealth effect generated from buoyant property market further stimulated consumer confidence and spending.

The Group recorded an improving result for the period which was mainly attributable to the expansion of Property Leasing Business and Money Lending Business. In addition, the Group has strived to continue streamlining its operating and human resources capacity and reducing administrative expenses for the period accordingly.



# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Property Investment Business

The Group's Property Investment Business is carried on through Y. T. Realty Group Limited ("**Y. T. Realty**"), an associate of the Group and the shares of which are traded on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**"). Y. T. Realty principally focuses on prime property investments in established overseas markets and currently holds two prime properties in London, namely a prime commercial property in 1 Chapel Place (the "**London Property**") and a prime hotel property in 1 Harrow Place (the "**London Hotel**").

As both the London Property and London Hotel are situated in prime Central London business district where the leasing demand for prime commercial property are always stable and strong, the rental income of Y. T. Realty grew steadily to HK\$24.1 million for the period, representing an increase of 13.1% from the corresponding period last year. It was mainly attributable to a moderate increase of rental rate with almost full occupancy throughout the period as well as rebound of British Pound. The rental income of London Property and London Hotel was approximately HK\$11.7 million and HK\$12.4 million respectively for the period, representing an increase of 9.3% and 18.1% from the last corresponding period, and a stable growth of which can be reasonably expected in the near future.

As at the end of the reporting period, the investment properties of Y. T. Realty were revalued by independent professional valuers to an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$1,209.3 million. Given a continuing stable leasing demand for London Property and London Hotel, Y. T. Realty recorded an overall fair value gain of approximately HK\$16.3 million on the revaluation of investment properties for the period (2017: fair value gain of HK\$12.3 million). The profit after tax of Y. T. Realty was HK\$33.8 million for the period, representing an increase of HK\$2.2 million from the last corresponding period.

## Property Leasing Business

The Group carries on Property Leasing Business by directly holding various classes of properties in Hong Kong including commercial, industrial and residential for generation of rental income. Benefited from a buoyant property market in Hong Kong, the Group could benefit a favorable rise in rental rate for lease renewals. The rental income from Property Leasing Business was HK\$5.6 million for the period, representing a significant increase of 124% from the corresponding period last year. It was mainly attributable to the acquisition of commercial properties which generated a monthly rental income of HK\$660,000 (exclusive of government rent, rates, management fees and other charges) at the end of May last year.

As at the end of the reporting period, the carrying amount of investment properties under the Property Leasing Business segment were revalued to HK\$452.8 million by an independent professional valuer with a total fair value gain of HK\$13.7 million for the period (2017: HK\$10.4 million).

## Treasury Management Business

During the period under review, the performance of Hong Kong stock market was vigorously hit by the protectionist measures of the United States with a substantial drop of Hang Seng Index from the record high. The tariff and sanctions announced by the U.S. had further increased the market volatility by weakening investor confidence and triggering the fear of global economy slowdown.

The Group has persistently maintained a well-diversified portfolio of listed equity investments in different industries and sectors. Together with certain dividend paying stocks, the impact of stock market volatility on the Group's Treasury Management Business during the period had been mitigated to a certain extent. Notwithstanding the volatile market condition, the listed equity investments of the Group slightly outperformed the market and recorded an overall fair value gain of HK\$8.6 million for the period, as compared to the fair value gain of HK\$23.9 million recorded in the corresponding period last year. Furthermore, the Group received dividend income of HK\$24.8 million on the listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss for the period (2017: HK\$17.1 million).

Following the expansion of money lending business since the second half of last financial year, the interest income earned from Money Lending Business segment increased significantly to HK\$9.7 million for the period, representing an increase of HK\$9.6 million from the last corresponding period. The balance of loan receivables as at 30 June 2018 was HK\$153.0 million, of which HK\$120.0 million had been subsequently settled.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## PROSPECT

Look forward, the global economy is likely to remain challenging as the intensifying trade disputes between the U.S. and China may continue without any sign of talk in the near future. The economy of Mainland China is expected to slow down. In response, the central government of Mainland China may tolerate a further depreciation of Renminbi to support the export. It will therefore further dampen the investor confidence and increase the volatility of financial markets of both China and Hong Kong. In order to stabilize the economy and mitigate the impact of tariff, the central government of China has recently announced certain defensive measures such as moderate relaxation of monetary policy and implementation of certain proactive fiscal policies.

The economy of Hong Kong is expected to be stable with growth momentum being maintained for 2018 even under an influence of the intensifying global trade disputes. The growth momentum of Hong Kong can be solidly supported by various economic factors such as strong rebound of tourism and retail sales and robust private consumption under almost full employment and buoyant residential market performance, all of which are performing relatively well in the first half of 2018. Furthermore, Hong Kong is expected to benefit from implementation of the belt and road initiative and the development of Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Great Bay Area which may further stimulate the demand for financial, professional and business services.

In view of a volatile financial market in the near future, the Group is cautious about the performance of financial results for 2018 as the performance of the Group's Treasury Management Business and the financial market is positively correlated. In relative to an unrealized fair value gain of HK\$103.9 million on the listed equity investments recorded in the last financial year, the Group expects it is unlikely to record any improvement in the performance of Treasury Management Business for 2018. Nevertheless, the Group will actively strive to further expand its Money Lending Business in order to strengthen its profit base in future.

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

### Revenue

The revenue of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2018 was HK\$40.1 million, representing an increase of HK\$20.4 million from the corresponding period last year. The Group did not dispose of any listed equity investments during the period under review (2017: Nil). Dividend income from listed equity investment increased to HK\$24.8 million (2017: HK\$17.1 million). Interest income from the Money Lending Business of the Group increased significantly to HK\$9.7 million (2017: HK\$0.1 million) due to expansion of Money Lending Business since June last year. Rental income of the Group for the period was HK\$5.6 million (2017: HK\$2.5 million) as the acquisition of commercial properties of the Group with monthly rental income of approximately HK\$660,000 was completed at the end of May last year.

### Other Comprehensive Income

The Group recorded other comprehensive loss of HK\$8.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (2017: HK\$108.0 million). The decrease of HK\$99.3 million was mainly attributable to a reclassification of an available-for-sale investment into listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss when the Group adopted HKFRS 9 with effect from 1 January 2018.

### Net Asset Value

The unaudited consolidated net asset value of the Group as at 30 June 2018 was HK\$2,825.7 million, representing an increase of HK\$33.7 million from the end of last financial year. The unaudited consolidated net asset value per share as at 30 June 2018 was HK\$0.304.

### Capital Structure

The Group's capital expenditure and investments were mainly funded from cash on hand, internally-generated funds and bank borrowings.

The Group persistently adopts conservative treasury policies in cash and financial management. Cash is generally placed in short-term deposits mostly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Group does not use any financial instruments for hedging purpose.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's cash and bank balances and time deposits were HK\$82.9 million whilst the cash and cash equivalents and the listed equity investments in aggregate were HK\$1,677.3 million. The Group maintained a high current ratio at 311.3 (31 December 2017: 76.7) and the net current assets of the Group was HK\$1,833.9 million (31 December 2017: HK\$1,308.8 million) which indicated a strong and healthy financial position of the Group.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group did not have any bank borrowings and the available unutilized short-term banking facilities of the Group was approximately HK\$150.0 million.

## Exposure to Fluctuation in Exchange Rates and Related Hedges

As the Group's major source of income, expenses, major assets and bank deposits were denominated in Hong Kong dollars and U.S. dollars, the Group's exposure to fluctuation in foreign exchange rates was minimal due to the pegged exchange rate to the U.S. Dollars. The Group did not have any related hedging instruments.

## Gearing Ratio

As at 30 June 2018, the gearing ratio of the Group, as measured by dividing the net debt to shareholders' equity, was inapplicable as it became negative when cash and cash equivalents could entirely cover the total debt (31 December 2017: inapplicable). Net debt includes bank borrowing, other payables and accruals, net of cash and cash equivalents.

## Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2018.

## Charge on Group Assets

As at 30 June 2018, the Group pledged its investment properties with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$126.3 million (31 December 2017: HK\$121.2 million) as securities for general banking facilities granted to the Group.

## Significant Investments Held, their Performance and Future Prospects

The Group holds some significant investments including investment in an associate, and certain listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss as at 30 June 2018.

The Group held a substantial equity interest in Y. T. Realty which was classified as an investment in an associate. The carrying value of the Group's investment in Y. T. Realty was HK\$554.4 million as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$554.3 million). The profit after tax of Y. T. Realty for the six months ended 30 June 2018 was HK\$33.8 million (2017: HK\$31.6 million) and the Group's share of profit of an associate was HK\$11.5 million (2017: HK\$10.8 million). Detailed discussion about the performance and future prospects of Y. T. Realty is contained in the section of Business Review.

The Group held an equity interest in C C Land Holdings Limited ("C C Land", the shares of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange) which was classified as an available-for-sale investment in prior years and reclassified to listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss after the adoption of HKFRS 9 with effect from 1 January 2018. The carrying value of C C Land was stated at fair value of HK\$511.3 million as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$505.5 million) and a fair value gain of HK\$5.8 million was recognized for the period in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The Group received a dividend income of HK\$5.8 million from C C Land during the period (2017: Nil).

As at 30 June 2018, the Group maintained a diversified portfolio of listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss with a carrying value of HK\$1,594.4 million, representing an increase of HK\$514.2 million from the end of last financial year. The increase was mainly attributable to a reclassification of the Group's investment in C C Land as previously explained. As disclosed in the latest published annual report, the Group's portfolios in listed equity investments comprised of 20 listed companies including CHH and China Resources Pharmaceutical Group Limited (stock code: 03320) ("China Resources Pharmaceutical") with a carrying value of HK\$693.4 million and HK\$271.5 million respectively as at 30 June 2018 and accounted for approximately 43.5% and 17.0% of the aggregate carrying value of the portfolios respectively. Although Hong Kong stock market was volatile during the period, the Group's investments in CHH and China Resources Pharmaceutical outperformed the market satisfactorily and recorded a fair value gain of HK\$9.5 million and HK\$18.5 million respectively for the period. Besides, the Group also received dividend income of HK\$13.8 million and HK\$2.8 million from CHH and China Resources Pharmaceutical respectively. However, the Group is of the view that future performance of the Group's listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss depends, to a large extent, on the corresponding performance of the relevant financial markets which can be volatile.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the Board has passed a resolution on 24 August 2018 to declare and pay an interim dividend by way of Distribution in Specie of 51,179,018 CHH shares held by the Group with a carrying value of approximately HK\$669.4 million as at 30 June 2018.

## Material Acquisitions and Disposal of Subsidiaries, and Future Plans for Material Investments or Capital Assets

There were no material acquisitions or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the period under review. There was no present plan authorized by the Board for material investments or acquisition of material capital assets as at the date of this interim report.

## Comments on Segment Information

Discussion and comments on the Group's segments, including changes and development, were covered in the Business Review and Prospect sections of the Management Discussion and Analysis. The segment information and operating results of the Group were set out in note 3 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this interim report.

Save as disclosed herein, there were no significant changes in the market conditions, new products or services introduced that had significantly affected the Group's performance.

## Significant Changes since 31 December 2017

Save as disclosed above, there were no other significant changes in the Group's financial position or from the information disclosed under Management Discussion and Analysis in the latest published annual report.

## Review of Accounts

The audit committee of the Company has reviewed the 2018 interim report and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2018. In addition, the audit committee has also reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed financial reporting matters.

## OPERATION REVIEW

### Human Resources Practices

The Group's remuneration policy is to ensure fair and competitive packages based on business needs and industry practice. The Company aims to provide incentives to Directors, senior management and employees to perform at their highest level as well as to attract, retain and motivate the very best people. Remuneration will be determined by taking into consideration factors such as market and economic situation, inflation, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and salaries paid by comparable companies. In addition, performance-based assessment such as individual's potential and contribution to the Group, time commitment and responsibilities undertaken will all be considered.

There are effectively 16 work forces working for the Group as at 30 June 2018. Remuneration cost for the period under review (excluding Directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately HK\$2.4 million. The Group also provides other staff benefits including MPF, medical insurance and discretionary training subsidy. The Company also operates a discretionary share option scheme to motivate the performance of employees.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### Compliance with Corporate Governance Code

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance practice. Throughout the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Company complied with all code provisions of Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange, except for deviation of code provision D.1.4 that the Company does not have formal letter of appointment for Directors setting out key terms and conditions of their appointment. The Company is of the view that the current arrangement is more appropriate and flexible, particularly in light of the current business activities and operational structure of the Company. All Directors have been serving the Company for long period of time and a clear understanding of terms and conditions of their appointment already exists between the Company and Directors. Additionally, each Director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years pursuant to bye-laws of the Company. The Board will review this arrangement in light of the evolving development of the Group's business activities.

The Company will continually review its corporate governance framework to ensure best corporate governance practices. Save as disclosed above, there were no significant changes in the Company's corporate governance practice or from the information disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report in the latest published annual report.



## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### **Compliance with Model Code**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “**Model Code**”) as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and relevant employees. Following specific enquiry by the Company, each Director confirmed that throughout the six months ended 30 June 2018, they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code.

### **Changes in Information of Directors**

At an extraordinary general meeting of Shengjing Bank Co., Ltd (the “**Bank**”) held on 28 February 2018, Mr. Yuen Wing Shing was elected a non-executive director of the Bank, subject to ratification of his eligibility by China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission (the “**CBIRC**”). The CBIRC Liaoning Bureau has ratified the eligibility of Mr Yuen to serve as non-executive director of the Bank with effect from 7 August 2018. Other information of Mr. Yuen is set out in “Profiles of Directors and Senior Management” of the 2017 annual report.

Save as disclosed herein, upon specific enquiry by the Company and following confirmations from Directors, there is no change in information of Directors which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the Company’s last published annual report.

### **Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities of the Company**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2018.

## DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS

As at 30 June 2018, the interests and short positions of Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares of the Company (the "Shares"), underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (the "Associated Corporation(s)") (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO; or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

(i) Long positions in Shares:

Name of Director	Nature of Interest	Number of Ordinary Shares Held	Percentage of Issued Share Capital
Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu	Interest of controlled corporation ( <i>note 1</i> )	4,046,389,740	43.49
	Beneficial Owner	53,320,000	0.57
Mr. Zhang Qing Xin	Beneficial Owner	13,600,000	0.15
Mr. Lam Hiu Lo	Beneficial Owner	41,800,000	0.45
Mr. Liang Kang	Beneficial Owner	30,000,000	0.32

(ii) Long positions in shares of Associated Corporation:

Name of Director	Name of Associated Corporation	Nature of Interest	Number of Ordinary Shares Held	Percentage of Issued Share Capital of Associated Corporation
Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu	Y. T. Realty Group Limited	Interest of controlled corporation	273,000,000	34.14
		( <i>note 2</i> )		
Mr. Ng Kwok Fu	Y. T. Realty Group Limited	Beneficial Owner	50,000	0.006
		Interest of spouse	40,000	0.005

Notes:

- (1) Under Part XV of the SFO, Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu is deemed to be interested in 3,194,434,684 Shares which are held by Chongqing Industrial Limited ("Chongqing") and 851,955,056 Shares are held by Timmex Investment Limited ("Timmex").

Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu, Peking Palace Limited, Miraculous Services Limited and Prize Winner Limited have 35%, 30%, 5% and 30% equity interests in Chongqing respectively.

Peking Palace Limited and Miraculous Services Limited are beneficially owned by Palin Discretionary Trust, a family discretionary trust, the objects include Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu and his family.

Prize Winner Limited is beneficially owned by Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu and his associates.

Timmex is 100% beneficially owned by Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu.

- (2) The 273,000,000 Shares are held by Funrise Limited, a company indirectly controlled by Palin Holdings Limited, which in turn is wholly-owned by Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu. Palin Holdings Limited is the trustee for Palin Discretionary Trust, a family discretionary trust, the objects include Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu and his family.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, none of Directors or chief executive of the Company and their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its Associated Corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

## DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 21 May 2015 (the “Scheme”) which has a term of 10 years and will be expired on 20 May 2025. The purpose of the Scheme is to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the employees and to serve such other purposes as the Board may approve from time to time. During the period under review, no share options were granted under the Scheme and there were no share options with respect to the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period under review.

### DIRECTORS’ RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the sections headed “Directors’ and Chief Executive’s Interests” and “Share Option Scheme” above, at no time during the period under review was, the Company or any of its subsidiaries or its holding company, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of Directors, or any of their associates, had any interests in or was granted any rights to subscribe for Shares, or had exercised any such rights.

### INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 30 June 2018, the following persons had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO; or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange:

#### Long positions in Shares:

Name	Notes	Capacity and Nature of Interest	Number of Ordinary Shares Held	Percentage of Issued Share Capital
Timmex Investment Limited	1	Beneficial Owner	851,955,056	9.16
Chongqing Industrial Limited	2	Beneficial Owner	3,194,434,684	34.33
Palin Holdings Limited	3	Interest of controlled corporation	3,194,434,684	34.33
Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu	4	Interest of controlled corporation	4,046,389,740	43.49
		Beneficial Owner	53,320,000	0.57

Notes:

- (1) Timmex is 100% beneficially owned by Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu.
- (2) The voting rights of these Shares are exercisable by Chongqing which is controlled by Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu.
- (3) Under Part XV of the SFO, Palin Holdings Limited (“Palin”) is deemed to be interested in 3,194,434,684 Shares held by Chongqing since Palin is entitled to control the exercise of 65% of the voting power at general meetings of Chongqing. Such interest in Chongqing is also held by Palin in the capacity as the trustee of Palin Discretionary Trust, a family discretionary trust, the objects include Mr. Cheung Chung Kiu and his family.
- (4) Out of 4,046,389,740 Shares, 3,194,434,684 Shares and 851,955,056 Shares are held by Chongqing and Timmex respectively.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares that were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO; or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend our gratitude and sincere appreciation to management and all staff for their diligence and dedication to the Group throughout the period.

By order of the Board  
**Yuen Wing Shing**  
*Managing Director*

Hong Kong, 24 August 2018

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	Six months ended 30 June	
		2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
<b>REVENUE</b>	4	<b>40,105</b>	19,698
Other income and gains	4	22,446	37,498
Administrative expenses		(11,012)	(27,188)
Finance costs	5	(325)	(464)
Share of profit of an associate		<u>11,545</u>	<u>10,782</u>
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>	6	<b>62,759</b>	40,326
Income tax expense	7	<u>(1,800)</u>	<u>(4,369)</u>
<b>PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY</b>		<b><u>60,959</u></b>	<u>35,957</u>
<b>EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY</b>	9		
Basic and diluted		<b><u>HK0.66 cents</u></b>	<u>HK0.39 cents</u>



**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	<b>Six months ended 30 June</b>	
	<b>2018</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
<b>PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<u>60,959</u>	<u>35,957</u>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)</b>		
<i>Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met:</i>		
Changes in fair value of an available-for-sale investment	—	(131,986)
Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of an associate	<u>(8,669)</u>	<u>23,993</u>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<u>(8,669)</u>	<u>(107,993)</u>
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY</b>	<u><u>52,290</u></u>	<u><u>(72,036)</u></u>

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

30 June 2018

	Notes	30 June 2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) HK\$'000
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Equipment	10	488	635
Investment properties		452,800	437,300
Investment in an associate	11	554,424	554,278
Loan receivable		1,996	2,996
Available-for-sale investment		—	505,498
Prepayment and deposit		3,787	4,028
Other assets		360	360
Total non-current assets		<u>1,013,855</u>	<u>1,505,095</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss		1,594,351	1,080,205
Loan receivables		151,000	173,000
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		11,604	9,702
Time deposits		3,992	46,957
Cash and bank balances		78,880	16,238
Total current assets		<u>1,839,827</u>	<u>1,326,102</u>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Other payables and accruals		5,910	9,654
Bank borrowing	12	—	7,500
Tax payable		—	145
Total current liabilities		<u>5,910</u>	<u>17,299</u>
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<u>1,833,917</u>	<u>1,308,803</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<u>2,847,772</u>	<u>2,813,898</u>
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Other payables and accruals		591	2,196
Deferred tax liabilities		21,498	19,698
Total non-current liabilities		<u>22,089</u>	<u>21,894</u>
Net assets		<u>2,825,683</u>	<u>2,792,004</u>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
<b>Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company</b>			
Issued capital		93,053	93,053
Reserves		2,732,630	2,698,951
Total equity		<u>2,825,683</u>	<u>2,792,004</u>

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company							Total equity (Unaudited) HK\$'000
	Issued capital (Unaudited) HK\$'000	Share premium account (Unaudited) HK\$'000	Contributed surplus (Unaudited) HK\$'000	Available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve (Unaudited) HK\$'000	Asset revaluation reserve (Unaudited) HK\$'000	Other reserves (Unaudited) HK\$'000	Retained profits (Unaudited) HK\$'000	
<b>At 31 December 2017</b>	<b>93,053</b>	<b>907,280*</b>	<b>760,799*</b>	<b>90,364*</b>	<b>49,211*</b>	<b>(209,904)*</b>	<b>1,101,201*</b>	<b>2,792,004</b>
Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9 (note 2)	—	—	—	(90,364)	—	—	90,364	—
Adjusted balance at 1 January 2018	93,053	907,280	760,799	—	49,211	(209,904)	1,191,565	2,792,004
Profit for the period	—	—	—	—	—	—	60,959	60,959
Other comprehensive loss for the period:								
Share of other comprehensive loss of an associate	—	—	—	—	—	(8,669)	—	(8,669)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	—	—	—	—	—	(8,669)	60,959	52,290
2017 final dividend (note 8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(18,611)	(18,611)
<b>At 30 June 2018</b>	<b>93,053</b>	<b>907,280*</b>	<b>760,799*</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>49,211*</b>	<b>(218,573)*</b>	<b>1,233,913*</b>	<b>2,825,683</b>
At 1 January 2017	93,053	907,280	760,799	236,960	49,211	(248,193)	992,307	2,791,417
Profit for the period	—	—	—	—	—	—	35,957	35,957
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period:								
Changes in fair value of an available-for-sale investment	—	—	—	(131,986)	—	—	—	(131,986)
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate	—	—	—	—	—	23,993	—	23,993
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	—	—	—	(131,986)	—	23,993	35,957	(72,036)
2016 final dividend (note 8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(18,611)	(18,611)
At 30 June 2017	93,053	907,280	760,799	104,974	49,211	(224,200)	1,009,653	2,700,770

\* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$2,732,630,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$2,698,951,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
<b>NET CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>44,226</b>	<b>(84,925)</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Subscription for shares of an available-for-sale investment	—	(63,600)
Acquisitions of subsidiaries that are not businesses	—	(281,027)
Additions to investment properties	(1,782)	—
Cash dividend received from an associate	2,730	—
Other cash flows arising from investing activities	936	2,696
<b>NET CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>1,884</b>	<b>(341,931)</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
New bank borrowing	10,000	—
Repayment of bank borrowings	(17,500)	(7,500)
Dividends paid	(18,611)	(18,611)
Interest paid	(322)	(463)
<b>NET CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(26,433)</b>	<b>(26,574)</b>
<b>NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>19,677</b>	<b>(453,430)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	63,195	630,214
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>82,872</b>	<b>176,784</b>
<b>ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
Cash and bank balances	78,880	30,851
Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired	3,992	145,933
	<b>82,872</b>	<b>176,784</b>



# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Yugang International Limited (the “**Company**”) is a company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and whose shares are publicly traded on the Stock Exchange. The principal activities of the Group are described in note 3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**Group**”) for the six months ended 30 June 2018 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on 24 August 2018.

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard (“**HKAS**”) 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”) and the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The accounting policies and basis of preparation adopted in the preparation of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those adopted in the preparation of the Group’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”) (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, HKASs and Interpretations) issued by the HKICPA and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong, except for the adoption of the following new HKFRSs and amendments to HKFRSs for the first time for the current period’s unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 2	<i>Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions</i>
Amendments to HKFRS 4	<i>Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts</i>
HKFRS 9	<i>Financial Instruments</i>
HKFRS 15	<i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i>
Amendments to HKFRS 15	<i>Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i>
Amendments to HKAS 40	<i>Transfers of Investment Property</i>
HK(IFRIC)-Int 22	<i>Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration</i>
<i>Annual Improvements</i>	<i>Amendments to HKFRS 1 and HKAS 28</i>
<i>2014-2016 Cycle</i>	

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

The adoption of these HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, except for HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*.

HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* replaces HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, bringing together all three aspects of the accounting for financial instruments: classification and measurement; impairment; and hedge accounting.

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 prospectively to items that existed at 1 January 2018 in accordance with the transition requirements. In accordance with the transition requirement, the Group has recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2018. Therefore, comparative information continues to be reported under HKAS 39.

### (a) Classification and measurement

Under HKFRS 9, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

Under HKFRS 9, debt financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (“**FVPL**”), amortised cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income (“**FVOCI**”). The classification is based on two criteria: the Group’s business model for managing the assets; and whether the instruments’ contractual cash flows represent “solely payments of principal and interest” on the principal amount outstanding (the “**SPPI criterion**”).

The new classification and measurement of the Group’s debt financial assets are, as follows:

- *Debt instruments at amortised cost* for financial assets that are held within a business model with the objective to hold the financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that meet the SPPI criterion. This category includes the Group’s *loan receivables and other receivables*.
- *Debt instruments at FVOCI*, with gains or losses recycled to profit or loss on derecognition. Financial assets in this category are the Group’s unlisted debt instruments that meet the SPPI criterion and are held within a business model both to collect cash flows and to sell.

Other financial assets are classified and subsequently measured, as follows:

- *Equity instruments at FVOCI*, with no recycling of gains or losses to profit or loss on derecognition. This category only includes equity instruments, which the Group intends to hold for the foreseeable future and which the Group has irrevocably elected to so classify upon initial recognition or transition. The Group classified its listed equity instruments as financial assets at FVOCI. Financial assets at FVOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment under HKFRS 9.
- *Listed equity investments at FVPL* comprise quoted equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected, at initial recognition or transition, to classify at FVOCI. This category would also include debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the SPPI criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell. Under HKAS 39, one of the Group’s quoted equity instruments was classified as *available-for-sale investment*. Upon transition the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve relating to the quoted equity instrument, which had been previously recognised under accumulated other comprehensive income (“**OCI**”), was reclassified to *retained profits*.

The assessment of the Group’s business models was made as of the date of initial application, 1 January 2018, and then applied prospectively to those financial assets that were not derecognised before 1 January 2018. The assessment of whether contractual cash flows on debt instruments are solely comprised of principal and interest was made based on the facts and circumstances as at the initial recognition of the assets.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

### (a) Classification and measurement *(continued)*

The accounting for the Group's financial liabilities remains largely the same as it was under HKAS 39. Similar to the requirements of HKAS 39, HKFRS 9 requires contingent consideration liabilities to be treated as financial instruments measured at fair value, with the changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Under HKFRS 9, embedded derivatives are no longer separated from a host financial asset. Instead, financial assets are classified based on their contractual terms and the Group's business model. The accounting for derivatives embedded in financial liabilities and in non-financial host contracts has not changed from that required by HKAS 39.

On 1 January 2018 (the date of initial application of HKFRS 9), the Group's management has assessed the business models for which they applied to the financial assets held by the Group and has classified its financial assets into the appropriate HKFRS 9 categories. The main effects resulting from the application of HKFRS 9 are as follows:

	Available- for-sale investment <i>HK\$'000</i>	Listed equity investments at FVPL <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 31 December 2017	505,498	1,080,205
Reclassified a quoted equity investment from available-for-sale investment to listed equity investments at FVPL	<u>(505,498)</u>	<u>505,498</u>
At 1 January 2018	<u>—</u>	<u>1,585,703</u>

The impact of the changes on the Group's equity is as follows:

	Available- for-sale investment revaluation reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	Retained profits <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 31 December 2017	90,364	1,101,201
Reclassified accumulated fair value gain in available-for-sale investment from available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to retained profits	<u>(90,364)</u>	<u>90,364</u>
At 1 January 2018	<u>—</u>	<u>1,191,565</u>

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

### (b) Impairment

The adoption of HKFRS 9 has fundamentally changed the Group's accounting for impairment losses for financial assets by replacing HKAS 39's incurred loss approach with a forward-looking expected credit loss ("ECL") approach.

HKFRS 9 requires the Group to record an allowance for ECLs for all loans and other debt financial assets not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For loan receivables and other receivables, the Group has applied the standard's simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime expected credit losses. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets (i.e., loans and debt securities at FVOCI), the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL. The 12-month ECL is the portion of lifetime ECLs that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the adoption of the ECL requirements of HKFRS 9 had no significant impact on the Group's financial statements as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and therefore the balances are still considered to be fully recoverable.

### (c) Hedge accounting

The requirements related to hedge accounting would better align the accounting treatments with risk management activities and enable entities to better reflect these activities in their financial statements. It relaxes the requirements for assessing hedge effectiveness which more risk management strategies may be eligible for hedge accounting. It also relaxes the rules on using non-derivative financial instruments as hedging instruments and allows greater flexibility on hedged items. Users of the financial statements will be provided with more relevant information about risk management and the effect of hedge accounting on the financial statements. The Group does not have any financial instruments related to hedge accounting throughout the period ended 30 June 2018 and year ended 31 December 2017.

The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective in current accounting period.



# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 3. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable segments as follows:

- The treasury management segment which trades and holds debt and equity securities, earns interest and dividend income from the relevant listed equity investments and generates interest income from the money lending activities.
- The property investment segment consists of investment through Y. T. Realty Group Limited (“Y. T. Realty”), an associate of the Group, in properties for rental income and/or capital appreciation potential.
- The property leasing segment which consists of leasing of properties directly owned by the Group for rental income and/or capital appreciation potential.

The management of the Company monitors the operating results of the Group’s business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which in certain respects, as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Information regarding the Group’s reportable segments is presented below:

### For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Treasury management (Unaudited) HK\$’000	Property investment (Unaudited) HK\$’000	Property leasing (Unaudited) HK\$’000	Reportable segments total (Unaudited) HK\$’000	Adjustments (Note) (Unaudited) HK\$’000	Consolidated (Unaudited) HK\$’000
<b>Segment revenue:</b>						
Revenue	34,504	24,245	5,601	64,350	(24,245)	40,105
Other income and gains	8,713	16,280	13,733	38,726	(16,280)	22,446
Total revenue and gains	<u>43,217</u>	<u>40,525</u>	<u>19,334</u>	<u>103,076</u>	<u>(40,525)</u>	<u>62,551</u>
<b>Segment profit for the period</b>	<u>36,356</u>	<u>33,819</u>	<u>15,774</u>	<u>85,949</u>	<u>(22,274)</u>	63,675
Corporate and unallocated expenses, net						<u>(2,716)</u>
Profit for the period						<u>60,959</u>

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 3. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION *(continued)*

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

	Treasury management (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Property investment (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Property leasing (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Reportable segments total (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Adjustments (Note) (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>
<b>Segment revenue:</b>						
Revenue	17,233	21,426	2,465	41,124	(21,426)	19,698
Other income and gains	27,073	13,357	10,425	50,855	(13,357)	37,498
Total revenue and gains	<u>44,306</u>	<u>34,783</u>	<u>12,890</u>	<u>91,979</u>	<u>(34,783)</u>	<u>57,196</u>
<b>Segment profit for the period</b>	<u>19,462</u>	<u>31,584</u>	<u>10,506</u>	<u>61,552</u>	<u>(20,802)</u>	<u>40,750</u>
Corporate and unallocated expenses, net						<u>(4,793)</u>
Profit for the period						<u>35,957</u>

Note: The activities of the property investment segment are carried on through an associate of the Group and therefore, the entire revenue and gains of this reportable segment and its profit for the period not attributable to the Group are excluded to arrive at the Group's consolidated revenue and gains and consolidated profit for the period.

The Group's revenue is set out in note 4 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Group's revenue is derived solely from its operations in Hong Kong, and the non-current assets of the Group are located in Hong Kong.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 4. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue represents the aggregate of the net gains or losses on disposal of listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, dividend income from listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, interest income from loan receivables, and gross rental income received and receivable from investment properties during the period.

An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
<b>Revenue</b>		
Dividend income from listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	24,843	17,114
Interest income from loan receivables	9,661	119
Gross rental income	<u>5,601</u>	<u>2,465</u>
	<u><b>40,105</b></u>	<u><b>19,698</b></u>
<b>Other income and gains</b>		
Interest income on bank deposits	65	742
Fair value gains on listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, net	8,648	23,897
Gain on disposal of rights to subscribe shares of an available-for-sale investment	—	2,432
Gain on disposal of items of equipment	—	10
Fair value gains on investment properties	13,718	10,394
Others	<u>15</u>	<u>23</u>
	<u><b>22,446</b></u>	<u><b>37,498</b></u>

## 5. FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
Interest on bank borrowings	<u>325</u>	<u>464</u>

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
Depreciation	147	454

## 7. INCOME TAX

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the six months ended 30 June 2018 as the Group has available tax losses brought forward from prior years to offset the assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the period (2017: Nil).

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
Deferred tax charge for the period – Hong Kong	1,800	4,369

There were no significant potential deferred tax liabilities for which provision has not been made.

The share of tax charge attributable to an associate amounting to HK\$511,000 (2017: tax credit of HK\$385,000) is included in "Share of profit of an associate" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

## 8. DIVIDEND

On 24 August 2018, the board of directors declared the payment of an interim dividend by way of a distribution in specie of 51,179,018 shares of The Cross-Harbour (Holdings) Limited ("CHH"), a listed equity investment at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group to the qualifying shareholders in proportion to their respective shareholdings in the Company on the basis of 11 CHH shares for every 2,000 Company shares held by shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 11 September 2018.

A final dividend of HK\$18,611,000 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2017 was paid during the six months ended 30 June 2018 (2017: HK\$18,611,000 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2016).



# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 9. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amounts presented for the periods ended 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017 as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during these periods.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

	<b>Six months ended 30 June</b>	
	<b>2018</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>	2017 <b>(Unaudited)</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>
<b>Earnings</b>		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations	<b>60,959</b>	35,957

	<b>Number of shares</b> <b>Six months ended 30 June</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	2017
<b>Shares</b>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations	<b>9,305,276,756</b>	9,305,276,756

## 10. EQUIPMENT

During the six months ended 30 June 2017, the Group incurred HK\$417,000 on the acquisition of items of equipment.

## 11. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

	<b>30 June</b> <b>2018</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>	31 December 2017 <b>(Audited)</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>
Share of net assets	<b>554,424</b>	554,278

Particulars of the associate are as follows:

Name	Particulars of issued shares held	Place of incorporation and business	Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group
Y. T. Realty Group Limited (“Y. T. Realty”)	Ordinary shares	Bermuda/ Hong Kong	34.14

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 11. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Y. T. Realty is an investment holding company, incorporated in Bermuda and listed in Hong Kong, with its subsidiaries principally engaged in property investment and property trading. This associate has been accounted for using the equity method in these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Extracts of the consolidated results and consolidated financial position of Y. T. Realty are as follows:

### Consolidated Results

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
Revenue	24,245	21,426
Other income	—	1,087
Total expenses	(5,210)	(4,326)
Changes in fair value of investment properties	16,280	12,270
Income tax credit/(expense)	(1,496)	1,127
	<u>33,819</u>	<u>31,584</u>
Profit attributable to shareholders		
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	(25,392)	70,275
	<u>8,427</u>	<u>101,859</u>

### Consolidated Financial Position

	30 June 2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) HK\$'000
	Non-current assets	
Investment properties	1,209,255	1,216,548
Other non-current assets	19,035	18,780
	<u>1,228,290</u>	<u>1,235,328</u>
Current assets	425,624	417,327
Current liabilities	(20,472)	(21,648)
Non-current liabilities	(9,466)	(7,462)
	<u>1,623,976</u>	<u>1,623,545</u>
Net assets		
	<u>655,200</u>	<u>682,500</u>
Market value of listed shares		

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 12. BANK BORROWING

	30 June 2018 (Unaudited)			31 December 2017 (Audited)		
	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	HK\$'000	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	HK\$'000
<b>Current</b>						
Bank borrowing – secured	—	—	—	3.12	March & June 2018	7,500
			<u>—</u>			<u>7,500</u>
Analysed into:						
Bank borrowing repayable:						
Within one year or on demand			—			7,500
			<u>—</u>			<u>7,500</u>

The Group's term bank loan of HK\$7,500,000 as at 31 December 2017 has been settled during the period ended 30 June 2018.

## 13. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES THAT ARE NOT BUSINESSES

On 14 March 2017, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to acquire all the issued shares of Supreme Access International Limited (“**Supreme Access**”) and its sole subsidiary, Sharp Light International Limited, (collectively “**Supreme Access Group**”) together with the shareholder's loan owed by Supreme Access Group to its then shareholder, at the cash consideration of HK\$136,100,000. On the same day, the Group entered into another sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to acquire all the issued shares of August Estate Limited (“**August Estate**”) at the cash consideration of HK\$144,600,000.

Supreme Access Group and August Estate are principally engaged in property investment in Hong Kong. Up to the date of the acquisitions, Supreme Access Group and August Estate did not carry out any significant business transaction except for each holding and renting out a property in Hong Kong.

The above acquisitions are accounted for by the Group as acquisitions of assets as the entities acquired by the Group do not constitute a business.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 13. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES THAT ARE NOT BUSINESSES (continued)

The net assets acquired by the Group in the above transactions are as follows:

	<b>Supreme Access Group</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	<b>August Estate</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	<b>Total</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>
Net assets acquired:			
Investment properties	136,746	144,097	280,843
Leasehold improvements	50	—	50
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	252	1,176	1,428
Bank balances	1	1	2
Other payables and accruals	(839)	(674)	(1,513)
Tax payable	(110)	—	(110)
	<u>136,100</u>	<u>144,600</u>	<u>280,700</u>
Satisfied by cash	<u>136,100</u>	<u>144,600</u>	<u>280,700</u>

The Group incurred transaction costs of HK\$329,000 for these acquisitions. These transaction costs have been capitalised and are included in the initial acquisition cost of investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position.

An analysis of cash flows in respect of the acquisitions of Supreme Access Group and August Estate are as follows:

	<b>Supreme Access Group</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	<b>August Estate</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	<b>Total</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>
Cash consideration	(136,100)	(144,600)	(280,700)
Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisitions	(164)	(165)	(329)
Bank balances acquired	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisitions of subsidiaries included in cash flows from investing activities	<u>(136,263)</u>	<u>(144,764)</u>	<u>(281,027)</u>

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 14. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

### (a) As lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	<b>30 June 2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000</b>	31 December 2017 (Audited) HK\$'000
Within one year	7,864	11,156
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	—	3,123
	<u>7,864</u>	<u>14,279</u>

### (b) As lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	<b>30 June 2018 (Unaudited) HK\$'000</b>	31 December 2017 (Audited) HK\$'000
Within one year	946	1,823
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	2,574	1,038
	<u>3,520</u>	<u>2,861</u>

## 15. COMMITMENT

At the end of the reporting period, the Group did not have any significant commitments (31 December 2017: Nil).

## 16. BANKING FACILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's banking facilities were secured by:

- (a) pledges of certain of the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$126,300,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$121,200,000); and
- (b) corporate guarantees issued by the Company.



# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018

## 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

	<b>Six months ended 30 June</b>	
	<b>2018</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b> <b>HK\$'000</b>	2017 (Unaudited) HK\$'000
Short term employee benefits	2,636	7,385
Post-employment benefits	18	35
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	<b>2,654</b>	7,420
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

## 18. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, time deposits, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, the current portion of loan receivables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, and the current portion of bank borrowing approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair value of the non-current portion of deposits, loan receivable and other payables have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturity.

The fair values of listed equity investments are based on quoted market prices.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 18. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

#### Assets measured at fair value:

	Fair value measurement using			Total HK\$'000
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) HK\$'000	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) HK\$'000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) HK\$'000	
<b>As at 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)</b>				
Listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	1,594,351	—	—	1,594,351
<b>As at 31 December 2017 (Audited)</b>				
Available-for-sale investment ( <i>note</i> )	505,498	—	—	505,498
Listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	1,080,205	—	—	1,080,205
	1,585,703	—	—	1,585,703

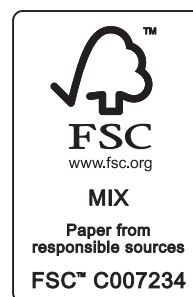
Note: This investment was reclassified to listed equity investments at FVPL upon the adoption of HKFRS 9 at 1 January 2018 as mentioned in note 2 of this unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017.

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2017: Nil).

## 19. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 24 August 2018.



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